

28 July 2016

LAUNCH OF CONCENTRATED INSPECTION CAMPAIGN ON MLC,2006

The Paris Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) on Port State Control will launch a Concentrated Inspection Campaign (CIC) on the Maritime Labour Convention, 2006 (MLC,2006). The aim of the CIC is to verify that the minimum standards for working and living conditions have been implemented on board. This inspection campaign will be held for a period of three months, commencing from 1 September 2016 and ending 30 November 2016.

The ship's procedures and measures that are in place with respect to MLC,2006 will be checked in detail for compliance with the requirements during a regular Port State Control inspection.

Secretary General Richard Schiferli stated: "Working and living conditions on board have always been a prime area of attention. With the introduction of the MLC enforcement opportunities have greatly improved. Three years after the entry into force, the time is right to focus on the MLC during a concentrated inspection campaign".

Port State Control Officers (PSCOs) will use a list of 12 selected questions to ensure that the required certificates and documentation are present, in particular those related to the seafarers on board. Additionally there are questions aimed at verification of records of the inspections of the accommodation, food and catering, and whether a safety committee has been established.

When deficiencies are found, actions by the port State may vary from recording a deficiency and instructing the master to rectify it within a certain period of time to detaining the ship until serious deficiencies have been rectified. In the case of detention, publication in the monthly detention lists of the Paris MoU web sites will take place.

It is expected that the Paris MoU will carry out approximately 4,500 inspections during the CIC.

The results of the campaign will be analyzed and findings will be presented to the Port State Control Committee. The CIC questionnaire on MLC, 2006 is also published on the Paris MoU website (<http://www.parismou.org/>)

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Notes to editors:

Regional Port State Control was initiated in 1982 when fourteen European countries agreed to coordinate their port State inspection effort under a voluntary agreement known as the Paris Memorandum of Understanding on Port State Control (Paris MOU). Currently 27 countries are member of the Paris MOU. The European Commission, although not a signatory to the Paris MOU, is also a member of the Committee.

The Paris MoU is supported by a central database THETIS hosted and operated by the European Maritime Safety Agency in Lisbon. Inspection results are available for search and daily updating by MoU Members. Inspection results can be consulted on the Paris MoU public website and are published on the Equasis website.

The Secretariat of the MoU is provided by the Netherlands Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment and located in The Hague.

Port State Control is a check on visiting foreign ships to verify their compliance with international rules on safety, pollution prevention and seafarers living and working conditions. It is a means of enforcing compliance in cases where the owner and flag State have failed in their responsibility to implement or ensure compliance. The port State can require defects to be put right, and detain the ship for this purpose if necessary. It is therefore also a port State's defence against visiting substandard shipping.

Questionnaire for the Concentrated Inspection Campaign (CIC) on Maritime Labour Convention, 2006

Ship's name	
IMO Nr	
Date of inspection	

N°	QUESTIONS	YES	NO	N/A
1*	Are seafarers under the age of 18 excluded from tasks that are likely to jeopardize their safety or health? Standards A 1.1. para. 4			
2*	Are all seafarers holding valid certificate(s) attesting medical fitness? Standard A 1.2. para. 1			
3**	Have all seafarers successfully completed their training for personal safety on board? Regulation 1.3. para. 2			
4.1**	Do all seafarers have a copy of their seafarers' employment agreement? Standards A 2.1. para 1 (a)			
4.2**	Are the seafarers' employment agreements in compliance with minimum standard required by MLC? Standards A 2.1. para 4			
5	If private recruitment and placement service has been used, does it meet the requirements of the MLC, 2006? Standard A 1.4. para. 2 and para 9			
6	Are records of inspections of seafarer accommodations carried out by the master (or another designated person) available for review? Standard A 3.1. para. 18			
7	Are frequent inspections carried out by or under the authority of the master, with respect to supplies of food and drinking water, all spaces and equipment used for the storage and handling of food and drinking water, and galley and other equipment for the preparation and service of meals documented? Standard A 3.2 para. 7			
8	Has a ships safety committee been established on board regarding ships on which there are five or more seafarers? Standard A 4.3. para. 2d			
9*	For a ship not being required to carry a medical doctor, is there on board at least one seafarer, holder of a certificate of training in medical first aid or in medical care that meets the requirements of STCW? Standard A.4.1. para. 4c			
10**	Are all seafarers provided with a copy of on-board complaint procedures applicable on the ship ? Standard A 5.1.5 para.4			
11**	Have all seafarers received monthly accounts of their payments due and amounts paid? Standard A2.2, para. 2			
12	Was the ship detained as result of the CIC?			

*Note: Questions 1 to 11 answered with a "NO" MUST be accompanied by a relevant deficiency on the Report of Inspection.
If the box "No" is ticked off for questions marked with an "**", the ship may be considered for detention.
If the box "No" is ticked off for questions marked with an "***", and if the deficiency found is repeated (occure more than 1 time), the ship may be considered for detention.*