

History and Development

- > Torrey Canyon
 - > 29 March 1967
 - > 97,000 tonnes crude
 - ➤ Isles of Scilly
- > Braer
 - > 5 January 1993
 - > 86,300 tonnes
 - > Shetland Islands
- > Sea Empress
 - > 15 February 1996
 - > 72,000 tonnes
 - ➤ Milford Haven



History and Development

Lord Donaldson's Review of Salvage and Intervention and their Command and Control



- Lord Donaldson inquiry into the response
- Published in 1999
- > Recommendations:
 - > 26 in total
 - ➤ 23 accepted
 - > 3 for further consideration
 - ➤ 5 refer to Offshore industry

Fundamental Conclusions

The 'Trigger' point is when there is "a threat of Significant Pollution" to the UK's pollution control Zone, Territorial waters or coastline

MCA as a whole should play a much larger part in operations in response to the threat

Response to the threat of pollution from or involving an Offshore installation to be compatible with same from Shipping casualty – need for new legislation.

Involvement of Ministers in Operational decisions is not a practicable option.....he stated that;

'There should be 'ultimate' control of salvage by a Secretary of State's Representative acting in the overriding public interest'

'SOSREP'

Secretary of State's Representative for Maritime Salvage and Intervention

SOSREP Role

To represent the Secretaries of State for Transport and Energy & Climate Change by removing or reducing the risk to persons, property and the UK Environment arising from accidents involving ships, fixed or floating platforms or sub-sea infrastructures within UK waters, within the remainder of the UK Pollution Control Zone and on the UK Continental Shelf

SOSREP Function

- One Person to act as the representative of Secretary of State's
- > Free to act without recourse to higher authority
- Ultimate and decisive voice
- Ultimate control
- > Cannot choose to ignore a situation
- > Tacitly approves all actions
- > During operations must be 'backed or sacked'

Operations Control Unit

- Chaired by the SOSREP
 - > or designated person
- Continue to monitor and evaluate operations, ascertain progress is in the best interests of the UK;
- To establish all objectives and proposals;
- Provide a forum for discussion between parties with interests;
- Provide an avenue for state intervention if necessary;
- Conduct salvage/containment plan approvals;
- Consider Risks and Dangers;
 - > People and the environment
- It is <u>NOT</u> a committee.

OCU Core Membership

- > SOSREP
- Environmental Inspector (Assistant to SOSREP)
- Emergency Operations Manager
- Operators Representative
- Operators Technical Representative
- DECC Strategic Advisor
- Independent Specialist/Technical Advisor(s)
- Environment Liaison Officer (Environment Group)
- MCA Representatives CPSO and CGLO
- DECC Administrative Support (3 or 4 staff)
- ➤ Other Coastal State Representative if applicable
- SOSREP discretion to admit other representatives as appropriate

Powers of Intervention

- Merchant Shipping Act 1995, as amended;
 - ➤ Maritime Security Act 1997
 - Offshore Emergency Pollution Control (EPC) Regulations 2002
 - ➤ Marine Safety Act 2003
 - Powers cannot be used in anticipation of an incident
 - > In all cases an accident must have occurred

Powers of Intervention

- Purpose:
 - > Removing, preventing or reducing the risk to safety or of pollution
 - > Securing safety of a ship/installation, persons or property
- > Application:
 - ➤ Safety UK Territorial Waters (12 miles)
 - ➤ Pollution UK Pollution Control Zone (200 miles)/median line
 - ➤ Pollution Offshore Installations UK Continental Shelf
- Directions:
 - Ship/Installation is/is not to be moved, use of facilities, remove from UK waters
 - > Destruction of a vessel or installation!
- Served to:
 - Masters, owners, offshore operators, managers, servants etc.

Powers of Intervention

- > The powers are exercisable and triggered where:
- > An accident has occurred and.....
- ➤ In the opinion of the SOSREP the accident will or may cause significant pollution within the UK Pollution Control Zone and/or UK Continental shelf; and,
- ➤ In the opinion of the SOSREP the use of the powers is urgently needed.

SOSREP notifications

- > Statistics:
 - >1100 incidents
 - > Shipping and offshore installations
 - 160 Intervention notices served
 - ➤ Cautions, warnings, TEZ
 - > 25 significant incidents
 - > SCU and OCU activation
 - > 5 Maritime protests / terrorism
 - > 50 National and International exercises
 - > Shipping and offshore installations
 - > 49 OCU / SOSREP interface exercises
 - > On-going exercise programme

Young Lady – 25 June 2007

Dragged Anchor

- Snagged the CATS Pipeline
- Dragged pipeline6m laterally
- > 5 miles East of Teespo
- > TEZ not required
- SCU/OCU not established



FLAGS Pipeline – 4 August 2007

Unexploded Ordnance

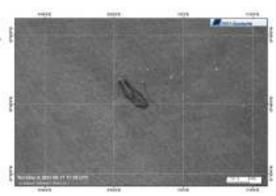
- 55 miles North North East of St. Fergus
- > WWII mine 500lbs
- Lying alongside since 1984
- ➤ TEZ 2000m
- OCU not established



Gannet F – 10 August 2011

Subsea flow-line bundle leakage

- ➤ 110 miles East of Aberdee
- > 210 tonnes lost to sea
- ➤ 1200 tonnes oil/water in pipeline
- ➤ TEZ Area co-ordinates
- OCU established



Petrojarl Banff – 8 December 2011

FPSO Broke Moorings during adverse weather

- ➤ 120 miles East of Aberdeen
- ➤ Lost 5 of 10 anchors
- > 4400 mt Crude Oil
- ➤ TEZ 3 nm
- OCU established
- Attached to FSO
 Apollo Spirit with 96300mt crude oil on board



Elgin – 25 March 2012

On-going gas and condensate release.

- > 150 miles East of Aberdeen
- Depth 5000m
- c. 405 tonnes lost to sea (condensate)
- ➤ TEZ 2 nm
- ➤ No OCU
- GIG initiated



SOSREP Incident Responsibilities

- ➤ SOSREP **IS** responsible for:
 - ➤ Containment ensuring the leak is stopped by most appropriate means, personnel safety is paramount.
 - ➤ Salvage ensure the vessel, its cargo or bunker fuel is not a hazard to navigation or to the safety of persons.
 - ▶ In both cases mitigate damage to the environment
- > SOSREP is **NOT** responsible for:
 - > Clean up of pollution at sea
 - > Clean up of pollution on the shoreline

Myths and legends.....

- ➤ SOSREP cannot...
 - Commandeer a vessel to work on an operation;
 - > Take over any ship or installation
 - ➤ Direct equipment to be diverted to an incident
 - ➤ Implement a TEZ unless an accident has occurred;
 - ➤ Direct the MOD to assist;
 - Direct pollution clean up operations at sea or ashore

or

> Take overall command of an incident

Thank you, any questions?



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